In the Claims:

1-39. Cancelled

The following claims are new:

40. (new) A method of treating a tumor or cancer in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to said patient a pharmaceutical composition in oral or systemic dosage form comprising an effective amount of a compound having the structure:

$$R^1$$
 R^2 R^1 R^2 R^2 R^2 R^2 R^2 R^2 R^2 R^2 R^2

wherein R^1 and R^2 are each independently selected from a C_1 to C_{20} saturated or unsaturated linear, cyclic or branch-chained substituted or unsubstituted hydrocarbon group, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, additive or excipient.

- 41. (new) The method according to claim 40, wherein R^1 and R^2 are each independently a C_1 to C_{11} hydrocarbon group.
- 42. (new) The method according to claim 40 wherein R¹ or R² is a straight or branch-chained alkyl or alkenyl group, a cyclic alkyl group, an alkylphenyl group, alkenyl phenyl group, alkyl ester alkanoate or alkyl ester alkenoate group.
- 43. (new) The method according to claim 40 wherein R¹ is a methyl group.
- 44. (new) The method according to claim 41 wherein R¹ is a methyl group.
- 45. (new) The method according to claim 42 wherein R¹ is a methyl group.

- 46. (new) The method according to claim 40 wherein R² is an undecyl group.
- 47. (new) The method according to claim 41 wherein \mathbb{R}^2 is an undecyl group.
- 48. (new) The method according to claim 42 wherein R² is an undecyl group.
- 49. (new) The method according to claim 43 wherein R² is an undecyl group.
- 50. (new) The method according to claim 40 wherein said tumor is selected from the group consisting of neurofibromatosis, tuberous sclerosis and hemangiomas and said cancer is selected from the group consisting of cervical, anal and oral cancers, eye or ocular cancer, stomach, colon, bladder, rectal, liver, pancreatic, lung, breast, cervix uteri, corpus uteri, ovary, prostate, testis, renal, brain/cns, head and neck, throat, cutaneous malignancy, skin melanoma, acute lymphocytic leukemia, acute myelogenous leukemia, Ewing's Sarcoma, Kaposi's Sarcoma, basal cell carinoma and squamous cell carcinoma, small cell lung cancer, choriocarcinoma, rhabdomyosarcoma, angiosarcoma, hemangioendothelioma, Wilms Tumor, neuroblastoma, mouth/pharynx, esophageal, larynx, kidney and lymphoma.
- 51. (new) The method according to claim 41 wherein said tumor is selected from the group consisting of neurofibromatosis, tuberous sclerosis and hemangiomas and said cancer is selected from the group consisting of cervical, anal and oral cancers, eye or ocular cancer, stomach, colon, bladder, rectal, liver, pancreatic, lung, breast, cervix uteri, corpus uteri, ovary, prostate, testis, renal, brain/cns, head and neck, throat, cutaneous malignancy, skin melanoma, acute lymphocytic leukemia, acute myelogenous leukemia, Ewing's Sarcoma, Kaposi's Sarcoma, basal cell carinoma and squamous cell carcinoma, small cell lung cancer, choriocarcinoma, rhabdomyosarcoma, angiosarcoma, hemangioendothelioma, Wilms Tumor, neuroblastoma, mouth/pharynx, esophageal, larynx, kidney and lymphoma.
- 52. (new) The method according to claim 42 wherein said tumor is selected from the group consisting of neurofibromatosis, tuberous sclerosis and hemangiomas and said cancer is selected from the group consisting of cervical, anal and oral cancers, eye or ocular cancer, stomach, colon, bladder, rectal, liver, pancreatic, lung, breast, cervix uteri,

corpus uteri, ovary, prostate, testis, renal, brain/cns, head and neck, throat, cutaneous malignancy, skin melanoma, acute lymphocytic leukemia, acute myelogenous leukemia, Ewing's Sarcoma, Kaposi's Sarcoma, basal cell carinoma and squamous cell carcinoma, small cell lung cancer, choriocarcinoma, rhabdomyosarcoma, angiosarcoma, hemangioendothelioma, Wilms Tumor, neuroblastoma, mouth/pharynx, esophageal, larynx, kidney and lymphoma.

- 53. (new) The method according to claim 43 wherein said tumor is selected from the group consisting of neurofibromatosis, tuberous sclerosis and hemangiomas and said cancer is selected from the group consisting of cervical, anal and oral cancers, eye or ocular cancer, stomach, colon, bladder, rectal, liver, pancreatic, lung, breast, cervix uteri, corpus uteri, ovary, prostate, testis, renal, brain/cns, head and neck, throat, cutaneous malignancy, skin melanoma, acute lymphocytic leukemia, acute myelogenous leukemia, Ewing's Sarcoma, Kaposi's Sarcoma, basal cell carinoma and squamous cell carcinoma, small cell lung cancer, choriocarcinoma, rhabdomyosarcoma, angiosarcoma, hemangioendothelioma, Wilms Tumor, neuroblastoma, mouth/pharynx, esophageal, larynx, kidney and lymphoma.
- 54. (new) The method according to claim 44 wherein said tumor is selected from the group consisting of neurofibromatosis, tuberous sclerosis and hemangiomas and said cancer is selected from the group consisting of cervical, anal and oral cancers, eye or ocular cancer, stomach, colon, bladder, rectal, liver, pancreatic, lung, breast, cervix uteri, corpus uteri, ovary, prostate, testis, renal, brain/cns, head and neck, throat, cutaneous malignancy, skin melanoma, acute lymphocytic leukemia, acute myelogenous leukemia, Ewing's Sarcoma, Kaposi's Sarcoma, basal cell carinoma and squamous cell carcinoma, small cell lung cancer, choriocarcinoma, rhabdomyosarcoma, angiosarcoma, hemangioendothelioma, Wilms Tumor, neuroblastoma, mouth/pharynx, esophageal, larynx, kidney and lymphoma.
- 55. (new) The method according to claim 45 wherein said tumor is selected from the group consisting of neurofibromatosis, tuberous sclerosis and hemangiomas and said cancer is selected from the group consisting of cervical, anal and oral cancers, eye or ocular cancer, stomach, colon, bladder, rectal, liver, pancreatic, lung, breast, cervix uteri, corpus uteri, ovary, prostate, testis, renal, brain/cns, head and neck, throat, cutaneous malignancy, skin melanoma, acute lymphocytic leukemia, acute myelogenous leukemia,

Ewing's Sarcoma, Kaposi's Sarcoma, basal cell carinoma and squamous cell carcinoma, small cell lung cancer, choriocarcinoma, rhabdomyosarcoma, angiosarcoma, hemangioendothelioma, Wilms Tumor, neuroblastoma, mouth/pharynx, esophageal, larynx, kidney and lymphoma.

- 56. (new) The method according to claim 49 wherein said tumor is selected from the group consisting of neurofibromatosis, tuberous sclerosis and hemangiomas and said cancer is selected from the group consisting of cervical, anal and oral cancers, eye or ocular cancer, stomach, colon, bladder, rectal, liver, pancreatic, lung, breast, cervix uteri, corpus uteri, ovary, prostate, testis, renal, brain/cns, head and neck, throat, cutaneous malignancy, skin melanoma, acute lymphocytic leukemia, acute myelogenous leukemia, Ewing's Sarcoma, Kaposi's Sarcoma, basal cell carinoma and squamous cell carcinoma, small cell lung cancer, choriocarcinoma, rhabdomyosarcoma, angiosarcoma, hemangioendothelioma, Wilms Tumor, neuroblastoma, mouth/pharynx, esophageal, larynx, kidney and lymphoma.
- 57. (new) The method according to claim 40 wherein said cancer is cutaneous malignancy.
- 58. (new) The method according to claim 41 wherein said cancer is cutaneous malignancy.
- 59. (new) The method according to claim 42 wherein said cancer is cutaneous malignancy.
- 60. (new) The method according to claim 43 wherein said cancer is cutaneous malignancy.
- 61. (new) The method according to claim 44 wherein said cancer is cutaneous malignancy.
- 62. (new) The method according to claim 45 wherein said cancer is cutaneous malignancy.

- 63. (new) The method according to claim 46 wherein said cancer is cutaneous malignancy.
- 64. (new) The method according to claim 47 wherein said cancer is cutaneous malignancy.
- 65. (new) The method according to claim 48 wherein said cancer is cutaneous malignancy.
- 66. (new) The method according to claim 49 wherein said cancer is cutaneous malignancy.